

## Problem Seminar, Spring 2017-Calculus II

1. (Difficulty 2) Show that if  $a, b, c$  are positive numbers such that  $a + b + c = abc$  then

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+a^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+b^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+c^2}} \leq \frac{3}{2}.$$

*Hint:* Use convexity.

2. (Difficulty 3) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0, +\infty)$  be a continuous function. Show that

$$\int_0^1 f(x) dx \geq 2 \int_0^1 \log_2 f(t) dt.$$

3. (Difficulty 4) Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function such that  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx = 1$  and

$$\int_0^1 (1 - f(x)) e^{-f(x)} dx \leq 0.$$

Show that  $f(x) = 1$  for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ .

4. (Difficulty 3) Prove that for every  $r > 0$  the set

$$V_{f,g} = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : (x - f(z))^2 + (y - g(z))^2 \leq r, z \in [a, b]\}$$

has the same volume for all continuous functions  $f, g : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

5. (Difficulty 4) Show that the integral

$$\lim_{B \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^B \sin(x) \sin(x^2) dx$$

converges.

6. (Difficulty 3) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow (0, +\infty)$  be a continuous 1-periodic function. Prove that

$$\int_0^1 \frac{f(x)}{f(x+1/2)} dx \geq 1.$$

7. (Difficulty) Let  $\mathcal{F}$  be a finite collection of open discs in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  whose union contains a set  $E \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ . Show that there exists a pairwise disjoint subcollection  $\{D_i = B(x_i, r_i)\}_{i=1}^n$  in  $\mathcal{F}$  such that

$$E \subset \cup_{i=1}^n B(x_i, 3r_i).$$

8. (Difficulty 10+) Does there exist a continuous function  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(f(x)) = e^x$  for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .